

Radiation Damage Experience with SiPM & QIE Cards Proton Cyclotron - Mass General Hospital (& MIT Research Reactor)

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with

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FNAL

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Boston

dry run: CMS lab at BU 10/4/09...for efficient setup and running

beam time: 8:30 am – 8:30 pm 10/5/09

available every Saturday and Sunday

* see their talks from Wednesday morning

230 MeV protons, max energy, 1 cm initial size

3" beam scattered to cover size of PC cards

a contoured double scatterer gives uniform beam

~ 2% uniformity over the 3" flat region

beam spot size drops to 5% at the edge

beam spreading method produces circular beam spot

no reason to set electronics cards edge on

see pix

"optical bench" of 4 SiPM cards, 2 QIE control cards, 2 Peltier coolers

spread over ~60 cm along the beam line

see pix

dosimetry at each end, 1% / cm drop in intensity

with vacuumless Faraday cup and Keithley electrometer

rotate optical bench 180° around twice to compensate for drop

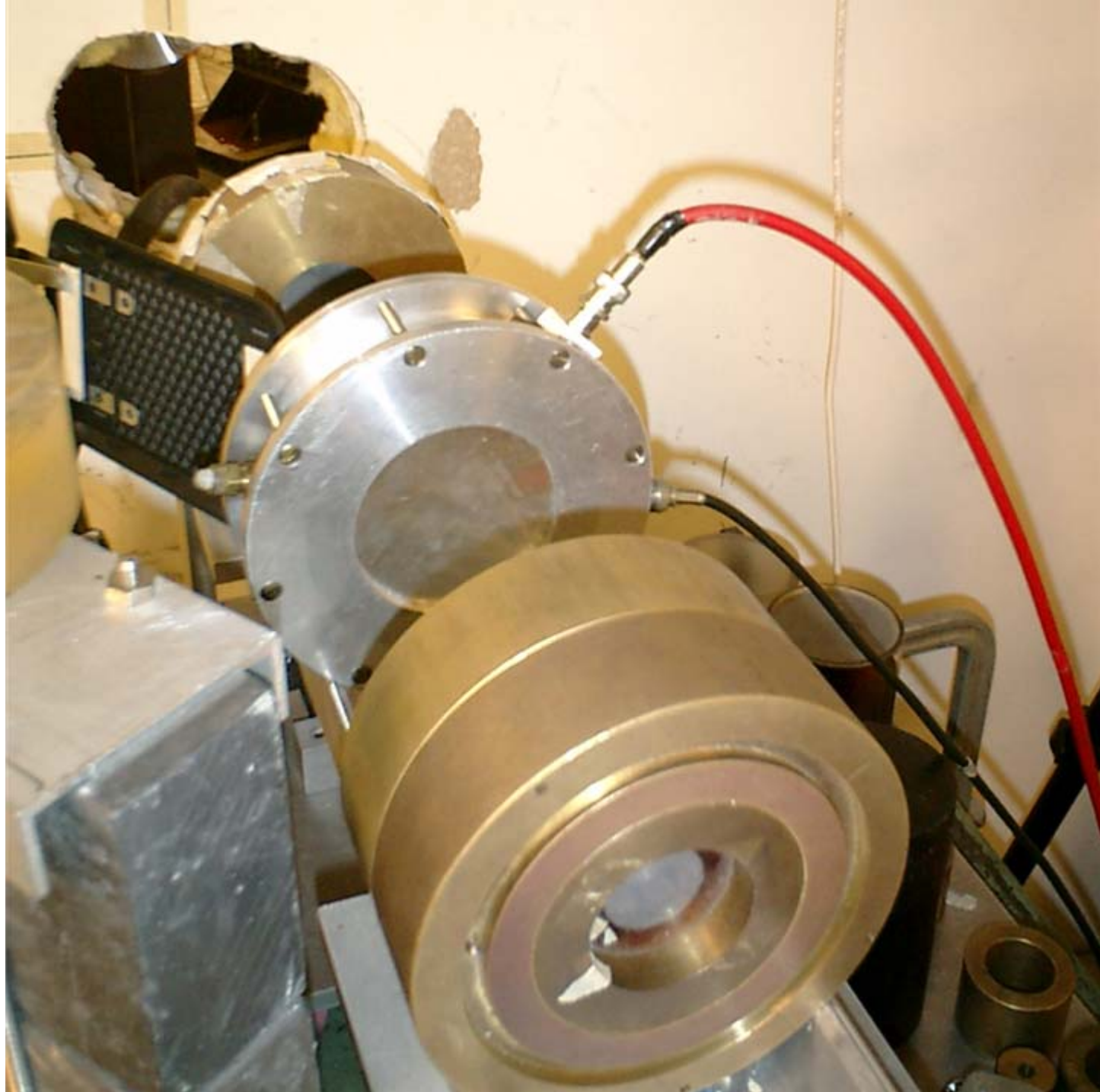
bias on SiPM, electronics clocked

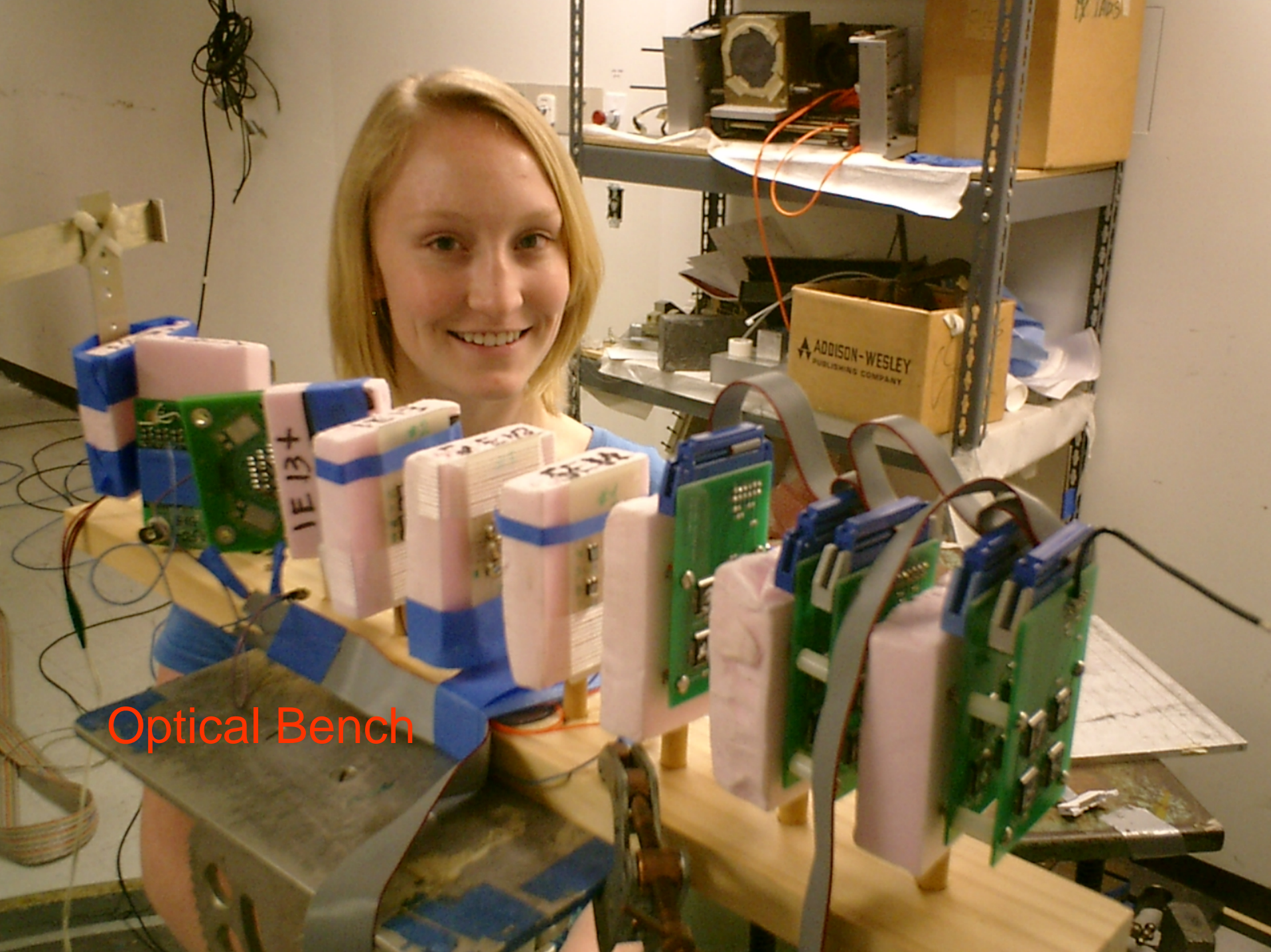
monitor signals on scope during run from outside

lights off

(previous run, full DAQ provided by Eric Hazen)

end of
beam line:
contoured
scatterers/
collimators
and
ionization
counter





Optical Bench

max intensity: 7×10^9 protons/cm²/sec $\sim 4 \times 10^{11}$ /min $\sim 2.5 \times 10^{13}$ /hr = 1/3 Mrad/hr
1 centiGray = 1 Rad = 10^8 p/cm² @ 230 MeV

lower energies, to 100 MeV, at expense of flux, with little spread in energy

for our 3" diameter beam,

integrated fluences	beam on time since t=0	
5×10^{11} p/cm ²	5 min	
5×10^{12}	1 hr	no obvious problems
1×10^{13}	2 hr	bias V drops

remove sample after following each exposure

cool down at cyclotron ~ 5 days; MGH ships cool stuff back to you

electronics shop on-site for on-the-spot corrections

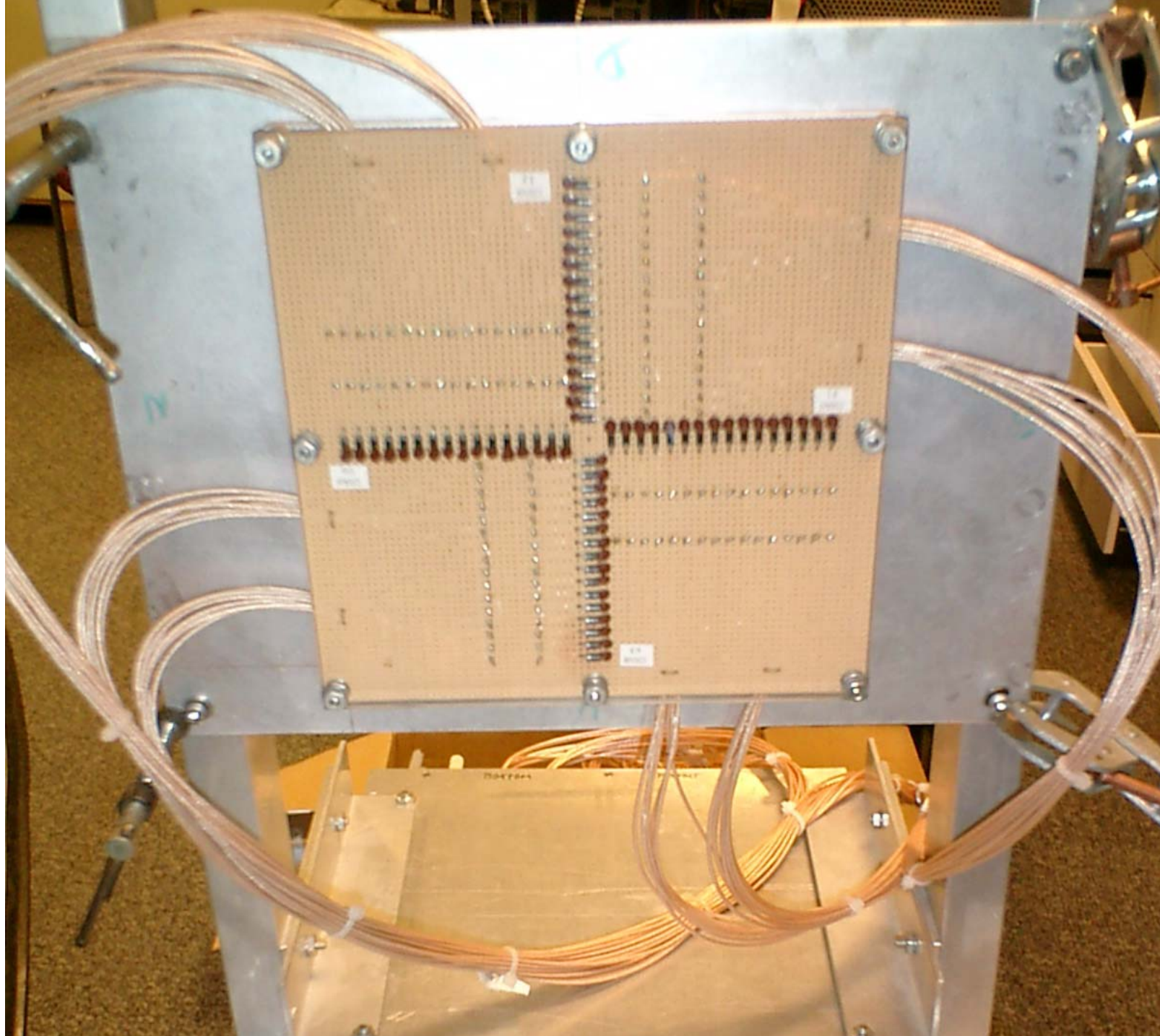
\$4.8 k / 8 hr run

MGH Physicist Operator: Ethan Cascio, 617 724 9529

Reverse-Biased Diode Array

locates beam center

aligns optical bench



Lucite
Beam
Stop

rad dam
evident

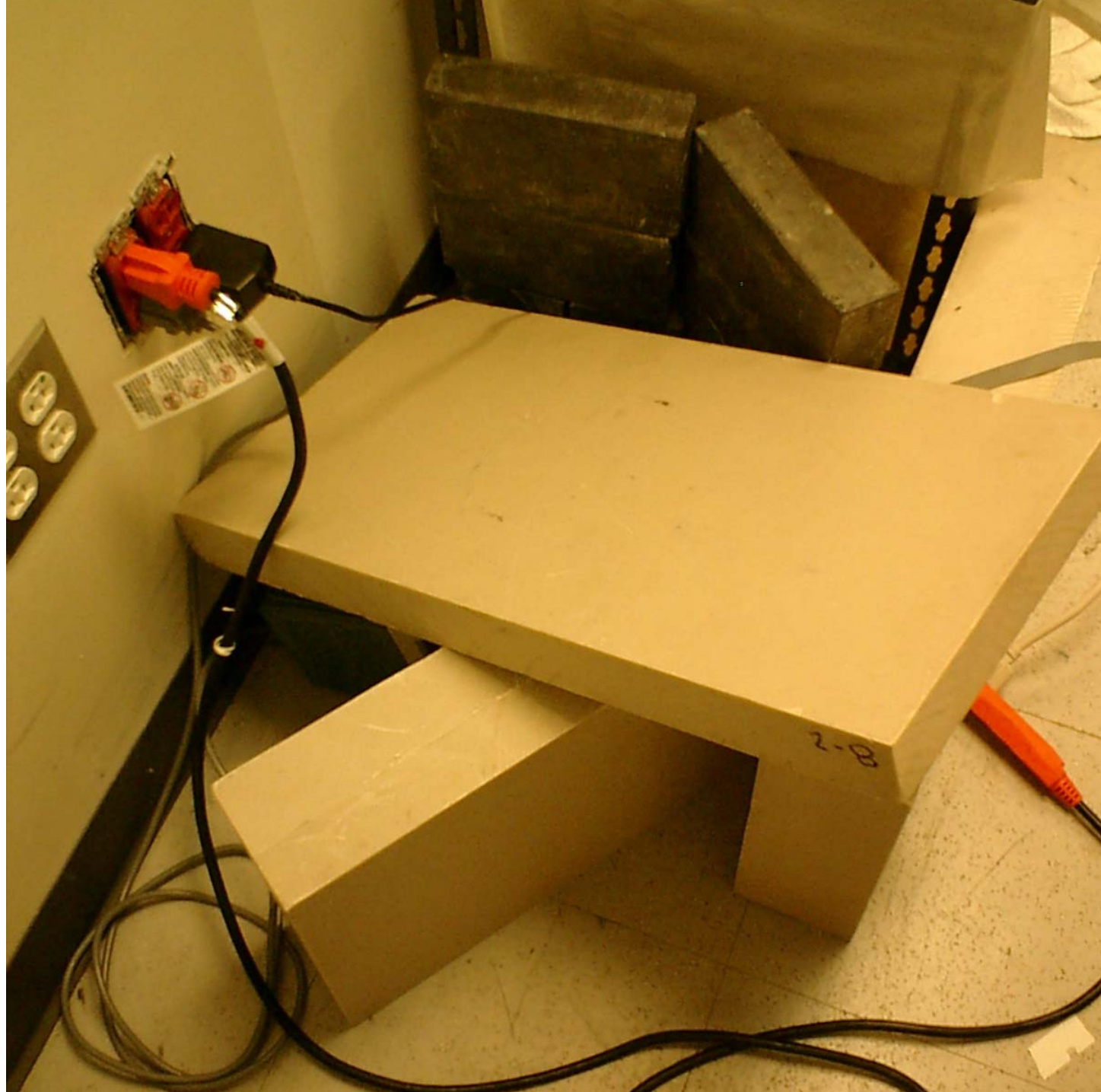


Function
Generator

Shielded from
Neutrons

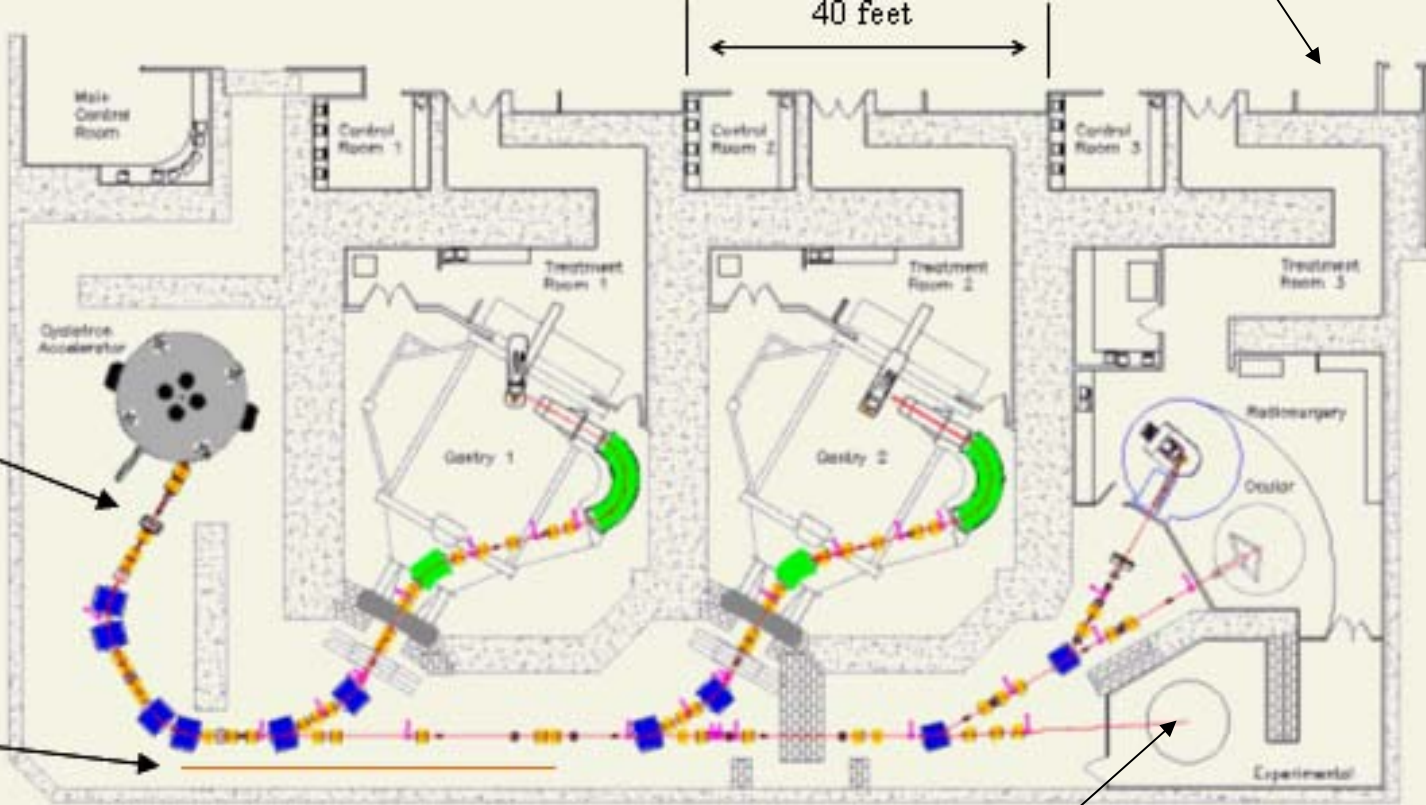
with

Borated
Polyethylene



...40 m cable run

monitoring area



Irradiation area

MIT RESEARCH REACTOR

operates at full 5 MW power 24 hours/day, 7 days/week
Neutron Flux Levels

Facility	Size	Thermal Neutron Flux (n/cm ² /s)
<i>In-core Irradiation Facilities</i>	Up to three available ~ 2" ID x 24"	3×10^{13} , (up to 1×10^{14} fast)
<i>Medical Facilities:</i>		
Fission Converter Beam	Variable beam aperture	Epithermal: 5×10^9
Thermal Neutron Beam	Variable beam aperture	up to 1×10^{10}
<i>Ex-core Irradiation Facilities:</i>		
Pneumatic Tubes	2" ID tube 1" ID tube	5×10^{13} , up to 4×10^{12} fast 8×10^{12}
Vertical Ports	3" ID x 24"	4×10^{12}
<i>Beam Ports</i>	12 horizontal: 4" to 12" ID	4×10^{12} - 8×10^{13} at source
<i>Through Ports</i>	4" Port 6" Port	5×10^{12} 1×10^{13}

Reactor Physicist: Tom Bork, 617 253 4211