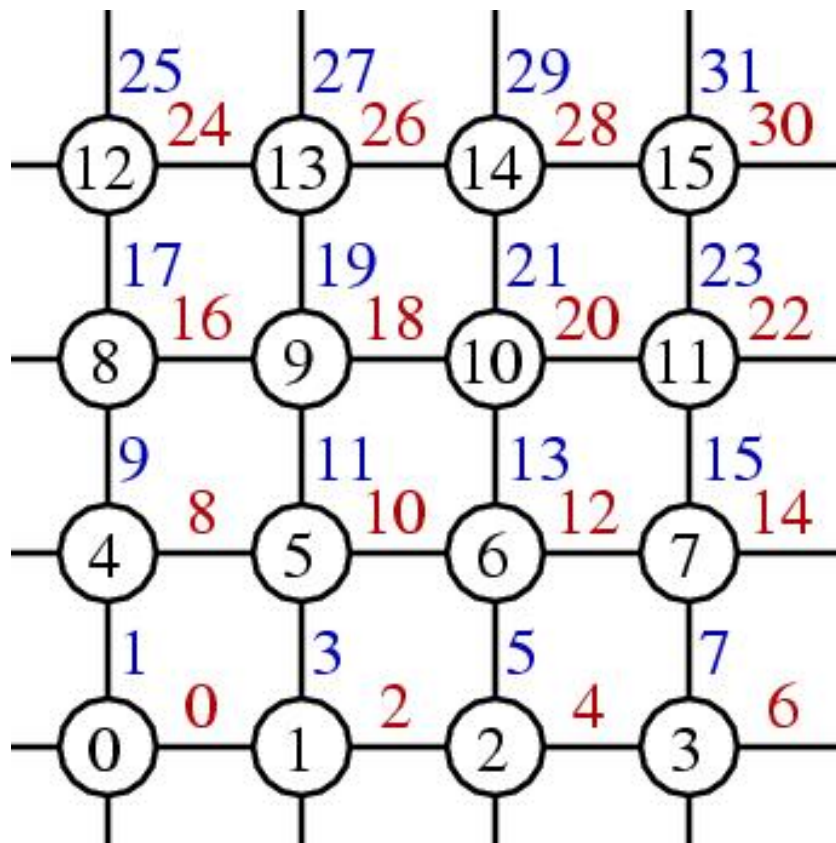


# Programming the Swendsen-Wang algorithm

To construct clusters, we need arrays containing

- Neighbors of given site  $s$ : `neighbor[i, s]`
- Two spins connected by given bond  $b$ : `bondspin[i, b]`
- Bonds connected to given spin  $s$ : `spinbond[i, s]`

Labeling of spins and bonds; example in 2D



Note: in Julia the labels have to start from 1, adjust accordingly

## Storing spin and bond variables in one-dimensional vectors

```
spin[1:n], bond[1:d*n]
```

## Construction of lattice arrays in 2D

### subroutine lattice

```
for s0=1:n
    x0=mod(s0-1, l1)
    y0=div(s0-1, l1)
    x1=mod(x0+1, l1)
    x2=mod(x0-1, l1)
    y1=mod(y0+1, l1)
    y2=mod(y0-1, l1)
    s1=1+x1+y0*l1
    s2=1+x0+y1*l1
    s3=1+x2+y0*l1
    s4=1+x0+y2*l1

    neighbor[1, s0]=s1
    neighbor[2, s0]=s2
    neighbor[3, s0]=s3
    neighbor[4, s0]=s4
    bondspin[1, 2*s0]=s0
    bondspin[2, 2*s0]=s1
    bondspin[1, 2*s0+1]=s0
    bondspin[2, 2*s0+1]=s2
    spinbond[1, s0]=2*s0
    spinbond[2, s0]=2*s0+1
    spinbond[3, s1]=2*s0
    spinbond[4, s2]=2*s0+1
end do
```

## Main program

```
bprob=1.d0-exp(-2.d0/temp)
for i=1:div(steps,4)
    castbonds()
    flipclusters()
end
for j=1:bins
    resetbindata()
    for i=1:steps
        castbonds()
        flipclusters()
        measure()
    end
    writebindata(n,steps)
end
```

# Generating bond configuration

```
function castbonds()  
  
for b=1:2^n  
    if spin[bondspin[1,b]]==spin[bondspin[2,b]]  
        if ran()<=bprob  
            bond[b]=true  
        else  
            bond[b]=false  
        end  
    else  
        bond[b]=F  
    end  
end  
end
```

For cluster finding/flipping, see program sw.jl